

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{9} \quad 3^5 &= 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \\
 &= \underbrace{3 \cdot 3}_9 \cdot \underbrace{3 \cdot 3}_9 \cdot 3 \\
 &= \underbrace{9 \cdot 9}_{81} \cdot 3 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{243}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{10} \quad 4^3 &= 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \\
 &= \underbrace{4 \cdot 4}_{16} \cdot 4 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{64}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{11} \quad 2^4 &= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \\
 &= \underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_4 \cdot \underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_4 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{16}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{12} \quad 10^8 &= 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \\
 &1 \cdot 1 \text{ is always going to be } 1 \\
 &\text{Count the zeros} \\
 &\text{Add 8 zeros to 1 to get the answer} \\
 &\underline{\underline{100,000,000}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{13} \quad \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 &= \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \\
 &\text{Multiply numerator by numerator} \\
 &\text{and denominator by denominator} \\
 &\begin{array}{ccc}
 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 & 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 & 8 \\
 = \underbrace{2 \cdot 2}_4 \cdot 2 & = \underbrace{3 \cdot 3}_9 \cdot 3 & = \frac{8}{27} \\
 = 8 & = 27 & \underline{\underline{27}}
 \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{14} \quad \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\
 &= \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}_{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}_{\frac{1}{4}} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{16}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{15} \quad 0.4^6 &= (0.4) \cdot (0.4) \cdot (0.4) \cdot (0.4) \cdot (0.4) \cdot (0.4) \\
 &\begin{array}{c}
 \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{16} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{16} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_{16} \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{3.5cm}}_{256} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{3.5cm}}_{256} \\
 \underbrace{\hspace{7.5cm}}_{4096}
 \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

Count the decimal places in the expanded part above. There are 6.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{16} \quad 7^4 &= 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \\
 &= \underbrace{7 \cdot 7}_{49} \cdot \underbrace{7 \cdot 7}_{49} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{2401}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{\underline{0.004096}}$$

$$\textcircled{17} 20 - 2 \cdot 3^2$$

$$20 - 2 \cdot 9 \quad \text{Simplify } 3^2 \text{ first } \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$20 - 18 \quad \text{Take care of multiplication } \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$\underline{\underline{2}} \quad \text{Finally, subtraction } \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

G
rouping Symbols

E
xponents

M
ultiplication

D
ivision

A
ddition

S
ubtraction

$$\textcircled{18} 6 + 4 \div 2 + 3 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$6 + 2 + 3 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$8 + 3$$

$$\underline{\underline{11}}$$

$$\textcircled{19} (6^2 - 3^3) \div 2 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$(36 - 27) \div 2 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$9 \div 2 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$\underline{\underline{4.5}}$$

$$\textcircled{22} 52 + 8^2 - 3(4-2)^3 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$52 + 8^2 - 3(2)^3 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$52 + 64 - 3(8) \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$52 + 64 - 24 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$116 - 24 \quad \downarrow \text{GEMDAS}$$

$$\underline{\underline{92}}$$

$$\textcircled{25} (5+t)^3$$

$$(4+8)^3$$

$$12^3$$

$$\underline{\underline{1728}}$$

$$\textcircled{26} 5^4 + t^2 + 5 \div 2$$

$$4^4 + 8^2 + 4 \div 2$$

$$256 + 64 + 2$$

$$320 + 2$$

$$\underline{\underline{322}}$$

$$\textcircled{27} (5t)^2$$

$$(4 \cdot 8)^2$$

$$(32)^2$$

$$\underline{\underline{1024}}$$

$$\textcircled{33} \frac{(3s)^3 t + t}{5}$$

5

$$\frac{(3 \cdot 4)^3 (8) + 8}{4} = \frac{(12)^3 (8) + 8}{4} = \frac{1728(8) + 8}{4} = \frac{13824 + 8}{4} = \frac{13832}{4} = \underline{\underline{3458}}$$

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$$2 \left[(8-4)^5 \div 8 \right]$$

↓
GEMDAS

TAKE CARE OF THE INNERMOST GROUPING SYMBOLS FIRST

$$2 \left[4^5 \div 8 \right]$$

↓
GEMDAS

NOW, DO THE ITEMS INSIDE THE GROUPING SYMBOL THAT REMAINS

$$2 \left[1024 \div 8 \right]$$

↓
GEMDAS

YOU DO EXPONENTS BEFORE DIVISION

NOW, DO DIVISION INSIDE THE GROUPING SYMBOL

$$2 \left[128 \right]$$

GEMDAS

$$\underline{\underline{256}}$$

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$$\frac{2 \left[8 + (67 - 2^6)^3 \right]}{9}$$

innermost grouping symbols, exponents

$$\frac{2 \left[8 + (67 - 64)^3 \right]}{9}$$

innermost grouping symbols, subtraction

$$\frac{2 \left[8 + 3^3 \right]}{9}$$

grouping symbols, exponent

$$\frac{2 \left[8 + 27 \right]}{9}$$

grouping symbols, addition

$$\frac{2 \left[35 \right]}{9}$$

multiply

$$\frac{70}{9}$$

divide

$$\underline{\underline{\frac{70}{9}}}$$